

## DIVISION 056

IMPORTATION, POSSESSION, CONFINEMENT, TRANSPORTATION AND  
SALE OF NONNATIVE WILDLIFE

635-056-0002

**Taxonomy**

(1) In the matter of scientific taxonomic nomenclature and commons names the following are authoritative:

(a) Mammals -- Wilson, D. E. and D. M. Reeder, Editors. 2005. Mammal Species of the World. A Taxonomic and Geographic Reference. 3rd Edition. Johns Hopkins University Press

(b) Birds -- Clements, J.F. 2007. The Clements Checklist of Birds of the World, Sixth Edition. Cornell University, Ithaca, New York.

(c) Amphibians and Reptiles -- Frank, N. and E. Ramus. 1996. A Complete Guide to Scientific and Common Names of Reptiles and Amphibians of the World. N G Publishing, Pottsville, Pennsylvania.

(d) Fish (except subfamily Serrisalminae) – Nelson, J.S. et al. 2004. Common and Scientific Names of Fishes from the United States, Canada, and Mexico. 6th Edition. American Fisheries Society Special Publication 29. American Fisheries Society. Bethesda, Maryland; Robbins, C.L. et al. 1991. World Fishes Important to North Americans. Special Publication 21. American Fisheries Society. Bethesda, Maryland; Subfamily Serrisalminae: Reis, R.E., S. Kullander and C. Ferraris, Jr., Editors. 2003. Check List of the Freshwater Fishes of South and Central America. ERIDUCRS. Porto Alegre. Brazil.

(e) Mollusks – Turgeon, D.D. 1998. Common and Scientific Names of Aquatic Invertebrates from the United States and Canada: Mollusks, 2nd Edition. American Fisheries Society Special Publication 26. American Fisheries Society. Bethesda, Maryland.

(f) Crustaceans (except whiteleg shrimp) – McLaughlin, P.A. 2005. Common and Scientific Names of Aquatic Invertebrates from the United States and Canada: Crustaceans, American Fisheries Society Special Publication 31. American Fisheries Society. Bethesda, Maryland. Whiteleg shrimp: Holthius, L.B. 1980. Shrimps and Prawns of the World: An Annotated Catalogue of Species of Interest to Fisheries. Food and Agriculture Organization Fisheries Synopsis no. 125, vol. 1.

(2) If the taxonomic status of individual species is changed through subsequent publications scientific taxonomy shall remain as cited in 635-056 for the purposes of implementing and enforcing 635-056-0000 through 635-056-0150.

**(3) “The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species” International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN), [www.iucnredlist.org](http://www.iucnredlist.org)**

1 Stat. Auth.: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 497.298, 497.308, 497.312, 497.318, 498.022, 498.029,  
2 498.052, 498.222 & 498.242  
3 Stats. Implemented: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 497.298, 497.308, 497.312, 497.318, 498.022,  
4 498.029, 498.052, 498.222 & 498.242

5

6 **635-056-0050**

7 **Prohibited Species**

8 (1) Except as otherwise provided in these rules or other rules of the commission, live wildlife listed  
9 below may not be imported, possessed, sold, purchased, exchanged or transported in the state:

10 (a) Prohibited Mammals: Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species:

11 (A) Order Artiodactyla:

12 (i) Sheep, Goats, Chamois, Tahr -- Bovidae -- Subfamily Caprinae; All species and hybrids except:

13 (I) *Capra hircus*;

14 (II) *Ovis aries*;

15 (III) hybrids of *Ovis aries* with *O. a. orientalis*; hybrids of *O. aries* with *Ammotragus lervia*; and  
16 hybrids of *O. aries* with *Pseudois nayaur*;

17 (ii) Wildebeest -- Bovidae -- *Connochaetes* All species and hybrids;

18 (iii) Central Asian gazelles -- Bovidae -- *Procapra* All species and hybrids;

19 (iv) Wild boar -- Suidae -- *Sus scrofa* (except *Sus scrofa domesticus*).

20 (B) Order Carnivora:

21 (i) Wild canids -- Canidae -- All native species. However, fox (*Vulpes vulpes* and *Urocyon*  
22 *cinereoargenteus*) are exempt from this prohibition if when part of a commercial fur farming operation  
23 or for wildlife rehabilitation purposes by a licensed wildlife rehabilitator;

24 (ii) Mongooses -- Herpestidae -- All species and hybrids;

25 (iii) North American Otter, Eastern subspecies -- Mustelidae -- *Lontra canadensis lataxina*

26 (iv) Asian Small-clawed Otter -- Mustelidae -- *Lutrinae Aonyx cinerea*

27 (v) Civets and Genets -- Viverridae -- All species and hybrids (except *Arctictis binturong*)

28 (C) Order Chiroptera

29 (i) Bats -- All families except Pteropodidae -- All species and hybrids.

30 (D) Order Cingulata:

31 (i) Nine-banded armadillo -- Dasypodidae -- *Dasypus novemcinctus*.

32 (E) Order Dasyuromorphia:

33 (i) Broad-footed marsupial mice -- Dasyuridae -- *Antechinus* All species and hybrids;

34 (ii) Brush-tailed marsupial mice -- Dasyuridae -- *Phascogale* All species and hybrids;

35 (iii) Dunnant -- Dasyuridae -- *Sminthopsis* All species and hybrids.

- 1 (F) Order Didelphimorphia:
- 2 (i) Virginia opossum -- Didelphidae -- *Didelphis virginiana*.
- 3 (G) Order Diprotodontia:
- 4 (i) Common brushtail -- Phalangeridae -- *Trichosurus vulpecula*;
- 5 (ii) Common ringtail -- Pseudocheiridae -- *Pseudocheirus peregrinus*.
- 6 (H) Order Erinaceomorpha:
- 7 (i) Eurasian hedgehogs -- Erinaceidae -- *Erinaceus europaeus*, *E. concolor*, *E. amurensis*.
- 8 (I) Order Lagomorpha:
- 9 (i) Hares and Jackrabbits -- Leporidae -- *Lepus* All nonnative species and hybrids;
- 10 (ii) Cottontails -- Leporidae -- *Sylvilagus* All nonnative species and hybrids.
- 11 (J) Order Rodentia:
- 12 (i) Argentine Plains viscacha -- Chinchillidae -- *Lagostomus maximus*;
- 13 (ii) Chinese jumping mouse -- Dipodidae -- *Eozapus setchuanus*;
- 14 (iii) Desert jerboas -- Dipodidae -- *Jaculus* All species and hybrids;
- 15 (iv) Kangaroo rats -- Heteromyidae -- *Dipodomys* All nonnative species except *D. deserti* and *D.*
- 16 *spectabilis*;
- 17 (v) Pale kangaroo mouse -- Heteromyidae -- *Microdipodops pallidus*;
- 18 (vi) Pocket mice -- Heteromyidae -- *Perognathus* All nonnative species and hybrids;
- 19 (vii) Capybara -- Hydrochaeridae -- *Hydrochaeris hydrochaeris*;
- 20 (viii) Old world porcupines -- Hystricidae -- *Hystrix africae australis*, *H. cristata*, and *H. indica*;
- 21 (ix) Mouselike hamster -- Muridae -- *Calomyscus* All species and hybrids;
- 22 (x) Ratlike hamsters -- Muridae -- *Cricetulus* All species and hybrids;
- 23 (xi) Bushy-tailed jird -- Muridae -- *Sekeetamys calurus*;
- 24 (xii) Nutria (Coypu) -- Myocastoridae -- *Myocastor coypus*;
- 25 (xiii) Fat dormouse -- Myoxidae -- *Glis glis*;
- 26 (xiv) Hazel dormouse -- Myoxidae -- *Muscardinus avellanarius*;
- 27 (xv) Antelope ground squirrels -- Sciuridae -- *Ammospermophilus* All nonnative species and hybrids
- 28 except *A. harrisi*;
- 29 (xvi) Tricolored squirrels -- Sciuridae -- *Callosciurus* All species and hybrids except *C. prevostii*;
- 30 (xvii) Prairie dogs -- Sciuridae -- *Cynomys* All species and hybrids;
- 31 (xviii) Southern flying squirrel -- Sciuridae -- *Glaucomys volans*;
- 32 (xix) Marmots -- Sciuridae -- *Marmota* All nonnative species and hybrids;
- 33 (xx) Giant flying squirrel -- Sciuridae -- *Petaurista* All species and hybrids;
- 34 (xxi) Eastern gray squirrel -- Sciuridae -- *Sciurus carolinensis*;

- 1 (xxii) Eastern fox squirrel -- Sciuridae -- *Sciurus niger*;
- 2 (xxiii) Eurasian red squirrel -- Sciuridae -- *Sciurus vulgaris*;
- 3 (xxiv) Ground squirrels -- Sciuridae -- *Spermophilus* All nonnative species and hybrids except *S.*
- 4 *adocetus*, *S. annulatus*, *S. atricapillus*, *S. madrensis*, *S. mexicanus*, *S. mohavensis*, *S. perotensis*, and *S.*
- 5 *tereticaudus*;
- 6 (xxv) Chipmunks -- Sciuridae -- *Tamias* All nonnative species and hybrids;
- 7 (xxvi) African ground squirrels -- Sciuridae -- *Xerus* All species and hybrids.
- 8 (b) Prohibited Birds: Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species:
- 9 (A) Order Anseriformes:
- 10 (i) Egyptian goose -- Anatidae -- *Alopochen aegyptiaca*.
- 11 (B) Order Charadriiformes:
- 12 (i) Spotted thick-knee -- Burhinidae -- *Burhinus capensis*.
- 13 (C) Order Coraciiformes:
- 14 (i) Malachi te kingfisher -- Alcedinidae -- *Alcedo cristata*;
- 15 (ii) Laughing kookaburra -- Alcedinidae -- *Dacelo novaeguineae*.
- 16 (D) Order Passeriformes:
- 17 (i) Yellowhammer -- Emberizidae -- *Emberiza citrinella*;
- 18 (ii) European greenfinch -- Fringillidae -- *Carduelis chloris*;
- 19 (iii) Chaffinch -- Fringillidae -- *Fringilla coelops*.
- 20 (c) Prohibited Amphibians: Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species:
- 21 (A) Order Caudata:
- 22 (i) Tiger salamander -- Ambystomatidae -- *Ambystoma tigrinum* All nonnative sub-species;
- 23 (ii) Amphiumas -- Amphiumidae -- All species and hybrids;
- 24 (iii) Giant salamanders and Hellbenders -- Cryptobranchidae -- All species and hybrids;
- 25 (iv) American giant salamanders -- Dicamptodontidae -- All nonnative species and hybrids;
- 26 (v) Asian salamanders -- Hynobiidae -- *Ranodon* All species and hybrids;
- 27 (vi) Shovel-nosed salamander -- Plethodontidae -- *Leurognathus marmoratus*;
- 28 (vii) Waterdogs -- Proteidae -- *Necturus* All species and hybrids;
- 29 (viii) Firebelly newts -- Salamandridae -- *Cynops* All species and hybrids;
- 30 (ix) European Mountain or Brook salamanders -- Salamandridae -- *Euproctus* All species and
- 31 hybrids;
- 32 (x) Caucasus or Spine-tailed salamanders -- Salamandridae -- *Mertensiella* All species and hybrids;
- 33 (xi) Red-spotted or Eastern newt -- Salamandridae -- *Notophthalmus viridescens*;
- 34 (xii) Chinese newts -- Salamandridae -- *Pachytriton* All species and hybrids;

- 1 (xiii) Warty newts -- Salamandridae -- *Paramesotriton* All species and hybrids;  
2 (xiv) Ribbed newts -- Salamandridae -- *Pleurodeles* All species and hybrids;  
3 (xv) Fire salamanders -- Salamandridae -- *Salamandra* All species and hybrids;  
4 (xvi) Roughskin newts -- Salamandridae -- *Taricha rivularis* and *T. torosa*;  
5 (xvii) Alpine newts -- Salamandridae -- *Triturus* All species and hybrids;  
6 (xviii) Crocodile newts -- Salamandridae -- *Tylotriton* All species and hybrids;  
7 (xix) Sirens -- Sirenidae -- All species and hybrids.  
8 (B) Order Anura:  
9 (i) Fire-bellied toads -- Bombinatoridae -- *Bombina* All species and hybrids;  
10 (ii) True toads -- Bufonidae -- *Bufo* All nonnative species and hybrids except *Bufo marinus*;  
11 (iii) Midwife toads -- Discoglossidae -- *Alytes* All species and hybrids;  
12 (iv) Painted frogs -- Discoglossidae -- *Discoglossus* All species and hybrids;  
13 (v) Cricket frog -- Hylidae -- *Acris* All species and hybrids;  
14 (vi) European tree frog -- Hylidae -- *Hyla arborea*;  
15 (vii) Cope's gray tree frog -- Hylidae -- *Hyla chrysoscelis*;  
16 (viii) Green tree frog -- Hylidae -- *Hyla cinerea*;  
17 (ix) Mediterranean tree frog -- Hylidae -- *Hyla meridionalis*;  
18 (x) Gray tree frog -- Hylidae -- *Hyla versicolor*;  
19 (xi) Chorus frog -- Hylidae -- *Pseudacris* All nonnative species and hybrids;  
20 (xii) Australian froglets -- Myobatrachidae -- *Crinia* All species and hybrids;  
21 (xiii) Australian swamp frogs -- Myobatrachidae -- *Limnodynastes* All species and hybrids;  
22 (xiv) Barred frogs -- Myobatrachidae -- *Mixophyes* All species and hybrids;  
23 (xv) Spadefoot toads -- Pelobatidae -- All nonnative species and hybrids;  
24 (xvi) African clawed frog -- Pipidae -- *Xenopus* All species and hybrids;  
25 (xvii) African bull frog -- Ranidae -- *Pyxicephalus* All species and hybrids;  
26 (xviii) Siberian frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana altaica*;  
27 (xix) Khabarovsk frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana amurensis*;  
28 (xx) Crawfish frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana areolata*;  
29 (xxi) Swedish swamp frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana arvalis*;  
30 (xxii) Asian frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana asiatica*;  
31 (xxiii) Rio Grande leopard frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana berlandieri*;  
32 (xxiv) Plains leopard frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana blairi*;  
33 (xxv) Caucasus frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana camerani*;  
34 (xxvi) Inkiapo frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana chensinensis*;

- 1 (xxvii) Toudaohe frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana chevronta*;
- 2 (xxviii) Green frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana clamitans*;
- 3 (xxix) Spring frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana dalmatina*;
- 4 (xxx) Dybowski's frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana dybowskii*;
- 5 (xxxi) Stream frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana graeca*;
- 6 (xxxii) Pig frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana grylio*;
- 7 (xxxiii) River frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana heckscheri*;
- 8 (xxxiv) Turkish frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana holtzi*;
- 9 (xxxv) Iberian frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana iberica*;
- 10 (xxxvi) Agile frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana japonica*;
- 11 (xxxvii) Italian agile frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana latastei*;
- 12 (xxxviii) Kokarit or Taipa frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana longicrus*;
- 13 (xxxix) Brusa frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana macrocnemis*;
- 14 (xl) Nikko frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana ornativentris*;
- 15 (xli) Pickerel frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana palustris*;
- 16 (xlii) Mink frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana septentrionalis*;
- 17 (xliii) Wood frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana sylvatica*;
- 18 (xliv) Tago frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana tagoe*;
- 19 (xlv) European common frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana temporaria*;
- 20 (xlvi) Tsushima frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana tsushimensis*;
- 21 (xlvi) Carpenter frog -- Ranidae -- *Rana virgatipes*.
- 22 (d) Prohibited Reptiles: Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species:
- 23 (A) Order Testudines:
- 24 (i) Snapping turtle -- Chelydridae -- All species and hybrids;
- 25 (ii) Chinese pond turtle -- Emydidae -- *Chinemys* All species and hybrids;
- 26 (iii) Pond turtle -- Emydidae -- *Clemmys* All nonnative species;
- 27 (iv) Painted turtle -- Emydidae -- *Chrysemys* All nonnative sub-species;
- 28 (v) European pond turtle -- Emydidae -- *Emys orbicularis*;
- 29 (vi) Blanding's turtle -- Emydidae -- *Emydoidea blandingii*;
- 30 (vii) Map turtle -- Emydidae -- *Graptemys* All species and hybrids;
- 31 (viii) Asian pond turtle -- Emydidae -- *Mauremys* All species and hybrids;
- 32 (ix) Pond slider -- Emydidae -- *Pseudemys* and *Trachemys* All species and hybrids;
- 33 (x) Common musk turtle -- Kinosternidae -- *Kinosternon odoratum*;
- 34 (xi) Common mud turtle -- Kinosternidae -- *Kinosternon subrubrum*;

- 1 (xii) North American soft shell -- Trionychidae -- *Apalone* All species and hybrids;
- 2 (xiii) African soft shell -- Trionychidae -- *Trionyx triunguis*.
- 3 (B) Order Squamata (Suborder Lacertilia):
- 4 (i) Slow worm – Anguidae – *Anguis fragilis*;
- 5 (ii) Armored Glass lizard – Anguidae – *Ophisaurus apodus*
- 6 (iii) Sand lizard – Lacertidae – *Lacerta agilis*;
- 7 (iv) Jewelled lizard – Lacertidae – *Lacerta lepida*;
- 8 (v) Iberian Mountain lizard -- Lacertidae -- *Lacerta monticola*;
- 9 (vi) Meadow lizard -- Lacertidae -- *Lacerta praticola*;
- 10 (vii) Iberian Emerald lizard -- Lacertidae -- *Lacerta schreiberi*;
- 11 (viii) Balkan Emerald lizard -- Lacertidae -- *Lacerta trilineata*;
- 12 (ix) Emerald lizard -- Lacertidae -- *Lacerta viridis*;
- 13 (x) Viviparous lizard -- Lacertidae -- *Lacerta vivipara*;
- 14 (xi) Erhard's Wall lizard -- Lacertidae -- *Podarcis erhardi*;
- 15 (xii) Iberian Wall lizard -- Lacertidae -- *Podarcis hispanica*;
- 16 (xiii) Common Wall lizard -- Lacertidae -- *Podarcis muralis*;
- 17 (xiv) Crocodile lizard -- Xenosauridae -- *Shinisaurus crocodilurus*.
- 18 (C) Order Squamata (Suborder Serpentes):
- 19 (i) Brown tree snake -- Colubridae -- *Boiga irregularis*;
- 20 (ii) Black-necked spitting cobra -- Elapidae -- *Naja nigricollis*;
- 21 (iii) Cape cobra -- Elapidae -- *Naja nivea*;
- 22 (iv) Copperheads and cottonmouths -- Viperidae -- *Agkistrodon* All species and hybrids;
- 23 (v) Puff adders -- Viperidae -- *Bitis* All species and hybrids except *Bitis gabonica* and *B. nasicornis*;
- 24 (vi) Lanceheads -- Viperidae -- *Bothrops* All species and hybrids;
- 25 (vii) Palm pit vipers -- Viperidae -- *Bothriechis* All species and hybrids;
- 26 (viii) Rattlesnakes -- Viperidae -- All nonnative species and hybrids except *Crotalus aquilus*, *C.*
- 27 *basiliscus*, *C. durissus*, *C. intermedius*, *C. polystictus*, *C. pusillus*, *C. tortugensis*, *C. triseriatus*, *C.*
- 28 *unicolor*, and *C. vegrandis*;
- 29 (ix) Mid-east vipers -- Viperidae -- *Daboia* All species and hybrids;
- 30 (x) Pygmy rattlesnake -- Viperidae -- *Sistrurus catenatus*;
- 31 (xi) Asian pit vipers -- Viperidae -- *Trimeresurus* All species and hybrids;
- 32 (xii) Wagler's palm viper -- Viperidae -- *Tropidolaemus wagleri*;
- 33 (xiii) Sand vipers -- Viperidae -- *Vipera* All species and hybrids.
- 34 (e) Prohibited Fish: Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species:

- 1 (A) Order Amiiformes:
- 2 (i) Bowfin -- Amiidae -- *Amia calva*.
- 3 (B) Order Cypriniformes:
- 4 (i) Piranha or Caribe -- Characidae subfamily Serrasalminae commonly known as caribe or piranha –
- 5 All species and hybrids except carnivorous species of *Pygocentrus*, *Serrasalmus* or *Pristobrycon* pursuant
- 6 to ORS 498.242;
- 7 (ii) Walking catfish (ORS 498.242) -- Clariidae -- All species and hybrids;
- 8 (iii) Oriental weatherfish -- Cobitidae -- *Misgurnus anguillicaudatus*;
- 9 (iv) Ide -- Cyprinidae -- *Leuciscus idus*;
- 10 (v) Rudd -- Cyprinidae -- *Scardinius erythrophthalmus*.
- 11 (vi) Asian carp-- Cyprinidae --*Hypophthalmichthys* All species and hybrids;
- 12 (vii) Black carp – Cyprinidae – *Mylopharyngodon piceus*
- 13 (C) Order Lepisosteiformes:
- 14 (i) Gar -- Lepisosteidae -- All species and hybrids.
- 15 (D) Order Perciformes:
- 16 (i) Snakehead -- Channidae -- *Channa* All species and hybrids;
- 17 (ii) Round goby -- Gobiidae -- *Neogobius melanostomus*;
- 18 (iii) Ruffe -- Percidae -- *Gymnocephalus cernuus*;
- 19 (iv) Zander or Pike-perch -- Percidae -- *Sander lucioperca*.
- 20 (E) Order Salmoniformes:
- 21 (i) Pikes, Pickerel, Muskellunge – Esocidae – All species and hybrids except tiger muskellunge (*Esox*
- 22 *lucius X Esox masquinongy*) in Phillips Reservoir located in Baker County
- 23 (f) Prohibited Mollusks Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species:
- 24 (A) Order Bivalvia:
- 25 (i) Asian clam -- Corbiculidae -- All species;
- 26 (ii) Zebra mussel, Quagga mussel -- *Dreissenidae* -- All species (whether live or dead).
- 27 (B) Order Neogastropoda:
- 28 (i) Japanese oyster drill -- Muricidae -- *Ceratostoma inornatum*.
- 29 (C) Order Architaenioglossa:
- 30 (i) Chinese mystery snail -- Viviparidae – *Cipangopaludina chinensis*
- 31 (ii) Japanese mystery snail -- Viviparidae -- *Cipangopaludina japonica*
- 32 (g) Prohibited Crustaceans Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species:
- 33 (A) Order Decapoda:
- 34 (i) Chinese mitten crab -- Grapsidae -- *Eriocheir* All species;

1 (ii) Blue crab -- Portunidae -- *Callinectes sapidus*;

2 [~~(iii) Crayfish -- Cambaridae -- All species.~~]

3 (2) The department may issue a permit for the importation, possession, sale, purchase, exchange or  
4 intrastate transportation of prohibited species and those species not yet classified if the department finds  
5 that the following standards have been met:

6 (a) The facility is constructed to minimize escape of prohibited species;

7 (b) There are adequate security and safety programs and procedures which minimize the possibility of  
8 escape;

9 (c) There is adequate record keeping to aid in tracking of confined animals or recovery of escaped  
10 animals;

11 (d) There are adequate procedures, equipment and trained staff to maximize capture of escaped  
12 animals;

13 (e) Adequate veterinary care is provided to identify and minimize the spread of diseases; and

14 (f) The applicant has a good reputation for care of animals and compliance with the wildlife laws.

15 (g) Using forms provided by the department, persons or entities may apply for a permit under  
16 subsection (2) as follows:

17 (A) Facilities accredited by the American Zoo and Aquarium Association (AZA). Because the  
18 department finds that the current AZA accreditation process holds these facilities to standards equivalent  
19 to those in subsection (2), AZA accreditation shall be evidence that the department's standards for  
20 importation, possession, sale, purchase, exchange or intrastate transportation of prohibited species are  
21 met. To obtain a permit for these activities, AZA accredited facilities shall submit a completed  
22 application form and proof of accreditation.

23 (B) Universities and colleges. To obtain a permit, universities and colleges shall submit:

24 (i) A completed application form;

25 (ii) A written description of escape avoidance procedures and facilities; and

26 (iii) Identification of the time period(s) during which prohibited species will be held.

27 (C) Others. To apply for a permit, persons and entities other than universities, colleges and AZA  
28 accredited facilities shall submit:

29 (i) A completed application form; and

30 (ii) A completed Prohibited Species Questionnaire.

31 (h) Satisfactory facilities inspections may be required prior to issuance of any permit.

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1 Stat. Auth.: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 497.298, 497.308, 497.312, 497.318, 498.022, 498.029,  
2 498.052, 498.222 & 498.242  
3 Stats. Implemented: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 497.298, 497.308, 497.312, 497.318, 498.022,  
4 498.029, 498.052, 498.222 & 498.242  
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6 **635-056-0060 (T)**

7 **Noncontrolled Species**

8 Except as otherwise provided in these rules or other rules of the commission, wildlife listed below  
9 may be imported, possessed, sold, purchased, exchanged or transported in the state without a permit:

- 10 (1) Noncontrolled Mammals: Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species:
- 11 (a) Order Artiodactyla:
- 12 (A) Antelope and buffalo-- Bovidae -- All species except subfamily Caprinae and *Procapra* species;
- 13 (B) Giraffe and okapi -- Giraffidae -- All species;
- 14 (C) Pygmy hippopotamus -- Hippopotamidae -- *Hexaprotodon liberiensis*;
- 15 (D) Hippopotamus -- Hippopotamidae -- *Hippopotamus amphibius*;
- 16 (E) Peccary -- Tayassuidae -- All species;
- 17 (F) Chevrotains -- Tragulidae -- All species.
- 18 (b) Order Carnivora:
- 19 (A) Aardwolf -- Hyaenidae -- *Proteles cristatus*;
- 20 (B) Seals and sea lions -- Otariidae -- All nonnative species.
- 21 (C) Red/Lesser Panda -- Procyonidae -- *Ailurus fulgens*;
- 22 (D) Olingos -- Procyonidae -- *Bassaricyon* All species;
- 23 (E) Coatimundis -- Procyonidae -- *Nasua* All species;
- 24 (F) Kinkajou -- Procyonidae -- *Potos flavus*;
- 25 (G) Binturong -- Viverridae -- *Arctictis binturong*.
- 26 (c) Order Cetacea: Whales and dolphins -- All families -- All species.
- 27 (d) Order Chiroptera:
- 28 (A) Old World fruit bats -- Pteropodidae -- All species.
- 29 (e) Order Dasyuromorphia:
- 30 (A) Numbat -- Myrmecobiidae -- *Myrmecobius fasciatus*.
- 31 (f) Order Dermoptera:
- 32 (A) Flying lemurs or colugos -- Cynocephalidae -- All species.
- 33 (g) Order Didelphimorphia:
- 34 (A) Short-tailed opossums -- Didelphinae -- *Monodelphis* All species.
- 35 (h) Order Diprotodontia:

- 1 (A) Feathertail glider -- Acrobatidae -- *Acrobates pygmaeus*;
- 2 (B) Kangaroos and wallabies -- Macropodidae -- All species;
- 3 (C) Striped possums -- Petauridae -- *Dactylopsila* All species;
- 4 (D) Sugar glider -- Petauridae -- *Petaurus breviceps*;
- 5 (E) Cuscuses -- Phalangeridae -- *Phalanger* All species.
- 6 (i) Order Erinaceomorpha:
- 7 (A) Four-toed hedgehog -- Erinaceidae -- *Atelerix albiventris*.
- 8 (j) Order Hyracoidea:
- 9 (A) Hyraxes -- Procaviidae -- All species.
- 10 (k) Order Monotremata:
- 11 (A) Echidnas -- Tachyglossidae -- All species.
- 12 (l) Order Peramelemorphia:
- 13 (A) Dry country bandicoots -- Peramelidae -- All species except *Isoodon obesulus*, *Perameles gunnii*,
- 14 and *P. nasuta*;
- 15 (B) Rainforest bandicoots -- Peramelidae -- All species.
- 16 (m) Order Perissodactyla:
- 17 (A) Zebra and Asses-- Equidae -- *Equus* All species;
- 18 (B) Rhinoceros -- Rhinocerotidae -- All species;
- 19 (C) Tapirs -- Tapiridae -- All species.
- 20 (n) Order Pholidota:
- 21 (A) Pangolins -- Manidae -- All species.
- 22 (o) Order Pilosa:
- 23 (A) Three-toed tree sloths -- Bradypodidae -- All species;
- 24 (B) Two-toed tree sloths -- Megalonychidae -- All species;
- 25 (C) Anteaters -- Myrmecophagidae -- All species.
- 26 (p) Order Proboscidea:
- 27 (A) Elephants -- Elephantidae -- All species.
- 28 (q) Order Rodentia:
- 29 (A) Scaly-tailed squirrels -- Anomaluridae -- All species;
- 30 (B) Hutias -- Capromyidae -- All species;
- 31 (C) Mara (Patagonian hare) -- Caviidae -- *Dolichotis* All species;
- 32 (D) Mountain viscachas -- Chinchillidae -- *Lagidium* All species;
- 33 (E) Dwarf hamsters -- Cricetidae -- *Phodopus* All species
- 34 (F) Paca -- Cuniculidae -- *Cuniculus paca*;

- 1 (G) Agoutis -- Dasyproctidae -- *Dasyprocta* All species;
- 2 (H) Acouchis -- Dasyproctidae -- *Myoprocta* All species;
- 3 (I) Pacarana -- Dinomyidae -- *Dinomys branickii*;
- 4 (J) Prehensile-tailed Porcupines -- Erethizontidae -- *Coendou* All species;
- 5 (K) Kangaroo Rats -- Heteromyidae -- *Dipodomys deserti* and *D. spectabilis*;
- 6 (L) Brush-tailed porcupines -- Hystricidae -- *Atherusus* All species;
- 7 (M) Old world porcupines -- Hystricidae -- *Hystrix* All species except *H. africae australis*, *H. cristata*,
- 8 and *H. indica*;
- 9 (N) Spiny mice -- Muridae -- *Acomys* All species;
- 10 (O) Crateromys (Bushy tailed cloud rats) -- Muridae -- *Crateromys* All species;
- 11 (P) African giant pouched rats -- Muridae -- *Cricetomys* All species;
- 12 (Q) African White-tailed rat -- Muridae -- *Mystromys albicaudatus*;
- 13 (R) Phloeomys (Slender tailed rats) -- Muridae -- *Phloeomys* All species;
- 14 (S) Degus -- Octodontidae -- *Octodon* All species;
- 15 (T) South African Springhare -- Pedetidae -- *Pedetes capensis*;
- 16 (U) Prevost's squirrel -- Sciuridae -- *Callosciurus prevostii*;
- 17 (V) African palm squirrels -- Sciuridae -- *Epixerus* All species;
- 18 (W) Pygmy flying squirrels -- Sciuridae -- *Petaurillus* All species;
- 19 (X) Oil palm squirrels -- Sciuridae -- *Protoxerus* All species;
- 20 (Y) Giant squirrels -- Sciuridae -- *Ratufa* All species.
- 21 (r) Order Sirenia:
- 22 (A) Manatees -- All families -- All species.
- 23 (s) Order Tubulidentata:
- 24 (A) Aardvark -- Orycteropodidae -- *Orycteropus afer*.
- 25 (2) Noncontrolled Birds: Nothing in this subsection authorizes the importation, possession, sale,
- 26 confinement or transportation of birds protected by the federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act: Common
- 27 Name -- Family -- Genus/species:
- 28 (a) Order Charadriiformes:
- 29 (A) Senegal thick-knee -- Burhinidae -- *Burhinus senegalensis*;
- 30 (B) Water thick-knee -- Burhinidae -- *Burhinus vermiculatus*.
- 31 (b) Order Coliiformes:
- 32 (A) Mousebirds and Collies -- Coliidae -- All species.
- 33 (c) Order Coraciiformes:
- 34 (A) Blue-winged kookaburra -- Alcedinidae -- *Dacelo leachii*;

- 1 (B) Woodland kingfisher -- Alcedinidae -- *Halcyon senegalensis*;
- 2 (C) African pygmy kingfisher -- Alcedinidae -- *Ispidina picta*;
- 3 (D) Hornbills -- Bucerotidae -- All species;
- 4 (E) Rollers -- Coraciidae -- All species;
- 5 (F) Bee-eaters -- Meropidae -- All species except *Merops apiaster*, *M. oreobates*, *M. pusillus*, and
- 6 *Nyctyornis athertoni*;
- 7 (G) Motmots -- Momotidae -- All species.
- 8 (d) Order Cuculiformes:
- 9 (A) White browed coucal-- Centropodidae -- *Centropus superciliosus burchelli*;
- 10 (B) Pheasant coucal -- Centropodidae -- *Centropus phasianinus*;
- 11 (C) Senegal coucal -- Centropodidae -- *Centropus senegalensis*;
- 12 (D) Greater coucal -- Centropodidae -- *Centropus sinensis*.
- 13 **(E) Turacos, Plaintain eaters and Go-away birds -- Musophagidae -- All Species**
- 14 (e) Order Galliformes:
- 15 (A) Curassows, guans, and chacalacas -- Cracidae -- All species except *Chamaepetes goudotii*,
- 16 *Penelope montagnii*, and *P. superciliaris*;
- 17 (B) Megapodes -- Megapodiidae -- All species.
- 18 (f) Order Gruiformes:
- 19 (A) Trumpeters -- Psophiidae -- All species;
- 20 (B) Buttonquails and hemipodes -- Turnicidae -- All species.
- 21 (g) Order Passeriformes:
- 22 (A) Orange-breasted bunting -- Cardinalidae -- *Passerina leclancherii*;
- 23 (B) Cotingas -- Cotingidae -- All species;
- 24 (C) Red-crested finch -- Emberizidae -- *Coryphospingus cucullatus*;
- 25 (D) Pileated finch -- Emberizidae -- *Coryphospingus pileatus*;
- 26 (E) Yellow-breasted bunting -- Emberizidae -- *Emberiza aureola*;
- 27 (F) Golden-breasted bunting -- Emberizidae -- *Emberiza flaviventris*;
- 28 (G) Cinnamon-breasted bunting -- Emberizidae -- *Emberiza tahapisi*;
- 29 (H) Yellow cardinal -- Emberizidae -- *Gubernatrix cristata*;
- 30 (I) Black-crested finch -- Emberizidae -- *Lophospingus pusillus*;
- 31 (J) Crested bunting -- Emberizidae -- *Melophus lathami*;
- 32 (K) Yellow-billed cardinal -- Emberizidae -- *Paroaria capitata*;
- 33 (L) Red-crested cardinal -- Emberizidae -- *Paroaria coronata*;
- 34 (M) Black-capped warbling finch -- Emberizidae -- *Poospiza melanoleuca*;

- 1 (N) Saffron finch -- Emberizidae -- *Sicalis flaveola*;
- 2 (O) Double-collared seedeater -- Emberizidae -- *Sporophila caerulescens*;
- 3 (P) Rusty-collared seedeater -- Emberizidae -- *Sporophila collaris*;
- 4 (Q) Parrot-billed seedeater -- Emberizidae -- *Sporophila peruviana*;
- 5 (R) Slate-colored seedeater -- Emberizidae -- *Sporophila schistacea*;
- 6 (S) Swallow tanager -- Emberizidae -- *Tersina viridis*;
- 7 (T) Cuban grassquit -- Emberizidae -- *Tiaris canorus*;
- 8 (U) Blue-back grassquit -- Emberizidae -- *Volatinia jacarina*;
- 9 (V) Waxbills, mannikins, munias -- Estrilididae -- All species;
- 10 (W) Broadbills -- Eurylaimidae -- All species;
- 11 (X) Black siskin -- Fringillidae -- *Carduelis atrata*;
- 12 (Y) Linnet -- Fringillidae -- *Carduelis cannabina*;
- 13 (Z) European goldfinch -- Fringillidae -- *Carduelis carduelis*;
- 14 (AA) Red siskin -- Fringillidae -- *Carduelis cucullata*;
- 15 (BB) Hooded siskin -- Fringillidae -- *Carduelis magellanica*;
- 16 (CC) Yellow-breasted greenfinch -- Fringillidae -- *Carduelis spinoides*;
- 17 (DD) European siskin -- Fringillidae -- *Carduelis spinus*;
- 18 (EE) Yellow-rumped siskin -- Fringillidae -- *Carduelis uropygialis*;
- 19 (FF) Yellow-bellied siskin -- Fringillidae -- *Carduelis xanthogastra*;
- 20 (GG) Yellow-billed grosbeak -- Fringillidae -- *Eophona migratoria*;
- 21 (HH) Japanese grosbeak -- Fringillidae -- *Eophona personata*;
- 22 (II) Oriole finch -- Fringillidae -- *Limurgus olivaceus*;
- 23 (JJ) Brown bullfinch -- Fringillidae -- *Pyrrhula nipalensis*;
- 24 (KK) Eurasian bullfinch -- Fringillidae -- *Pyrrhula pyrrhula*;
- 25 (LL) Black-throated island canary -- Fringillidae -- *Serinus atrogularis*;
- 26 (MM) Island canary -- Fringillidae -- *Serinus canaria*;
- 27 (NN) Yellow crowned canary -- Fringillidae -- *Serinus flaviventris*;
- 28 (OO) White-rumped seedeater -- Fringillidae -- *Serinus leucopygius*;
- 29 (PP) Yellow-fronted canary -- Fringillidae -- *Serinus mozambicus*;
- 30 (QQ) European serin -- Fringillidae -- *Serinus serinus*;
- 31 (RR) Long-tailed rosefinch -- Fringillidae -- *Uragus sibiricus*;
- 32 (SS) Troupials and Allies -- Icteridae -- All nonnative species;
- 33 (TT) Leafbirds and fairy bluebirds -- Irenidae -- All species;
- 34 (UU) Honeyeaters -- Meliphagidae -- All species;

- 1 (VV) Old World Flycatchers -- Muscicapidae -- *Copyschus* All species;
- 2 (WW) Sunbirds -- Nectariniidae -- All species;
- 3 (XX) Sudan sparrow -- Passeridae -- *Passer luteus*;
- 4 (YY) Red-headed weaver -- Ploceidae -- *Anaplectes rubriceps*;
- 5 (ZZ) Yellow-crowned bishop -- Ploceidae -- *Euplectes afer*;
- 6 (AAA) Red-collared widowbird -- Ploceidae -- *Euplectes ardens*;
- 7 (BBB) Black-winged bishop -- Ploceidae -- *Euplectes hordeaceus*;
- 8 (CCC) Jackson's widowbird -- Ploceidae -- *Euplectes jacksoni*;
- 9 (DDD) Yellow-shouldered widowbird -- Ploceidae -- *Euplectes macrourus*;
- 10 (EEE) Red bishop -- Ploceidae -- *Euplectes orix*;
- 11 (FFF) Long-tailed widowbird -- Ploceidae -- *Euplectes progne*;
- 12 (GGG) Red fody -- Ploceidae -- *Foudia madagascariensis*;
- 13 (HHH) Orange weaver -- Ploceidae -- *Ploceus aurantius*;
- 14 (III) Village weaver -- Ploceidae -- *Ploceus cucullatus*;
- 15 (JJJ) Lesser masked weaver -- Ploceidae -- *Ploceus intermedius*;
- 16 (KKK) Little weaver -- Ploceidae -- *Ploceus luteolus*;
- 17 (LLL) Baya weaver -- Ploceidae -- *Ploceus philippinus*;
- 18 (MMM) Vitelline-masked weaver -- Ploceidae -- *Ploceus vitellinus*;
- 19 (NNN) Speckle-fronted weaver -- Ploceidae -- *Sporopipes frontalis*;
- 20 (OOO) Scaly weaver -- Ploceidae -- *Sporopipes squamifrons*;
- 21 (PPP) Sugarbirds -- Promeropidae -- All species;
- 22 (QQQ) Golden-crested myna -- Sturnidae -- *Ampeliceps coronatus*;
- 23 (RRR) Violet-backed starling -- Sturnidae -- *Cinnyricinclus leucogaster*;
- 24 (SSS) Emerald starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis iris*;
- 25 (TTT) Golden-breasted starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis regius*;
- 26 (UUU) Common hill myna -- Sturnidae -- *Gracula religiosa*;
- 27 (VVV) Long-tailed glossy-starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis caudatus*;
- 28 (WWW) Bronze-tailed glossy-starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis chalcurus*;
- 29 (XXX) Greater blue-eared glossy-starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis chalybaeus*;
- 30 (YYY) Lesser blue-eared glossy-starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis chloropterus*;
- 31 (ZZZ) Hildebrandt's starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis hildebrandti*;
- 32 (AAAA) Chestnut-bellied starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis pulcher*;
- 33 (BBBB) Purple-headed glossy-starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis purpureiceps*;
- 34 (CCCC) Purple glossy-starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis purpureus*;

- 1 (DDDD) Rueppell's glossy-starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis purpuroptera*;
- 2 (EEEE) Splendid glossy-starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis splendidus*;
- 3 (FFFF) Superb starling -- Sturnidae -- *Lamprotornis superbus*;
- 4 (GGGG) Bali myna -- Sturnidae -- *Leucopsar rothschildi*;
- 5 (HHHH) Golden myna -- Sturnidae -- *Mino anais*;
- 6 (IIII) Yellow-faced myna -- Sturnidae -- *Mino dumontii*;
- 7 (JJJJ) Tanagers and Allies -- Thraupidae -- All nonnative species;
- 8 (KKKK) Babblers -- Timaliidae -- All species;
- 9 (LLLL) White-eyes -- Zosteropidae -- All species.
- 10 (h) Order Piciformes:
- 11 (A) Barbets -- Capitonidae -- All species;
- 12 (B) Toucans -- Ramphastidae -- All species.
- 13 **(i) Order Sphenisciformes:**
- 14 **(A) Penguins – Spheniscidae – All species.**
- 15 (j) Order Tinamiformes:
- 16 (A) Tinamous -- Tinamidae -- All species.
- 17 (k) Order Trogoniformes:
- 18 (A) Trogons -- Trogonidae -- All species.
- 19 (3) Noncontrolled Amphibians: Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species:
- 20 (a) Order Anura:
- 21 (A) Allophrynid tree frog -- Allophrynidae -- *Allophryne* All species;
- 22 (B) Hairy frogs -- Arthroleptidae -- *Trichobatrachus* All species;
- 23 (C) Cane toad -- Bufonidae -- *Bufo marinus*;
- 24 (D) African tree toads -- Bufonidae -- *Nectophryne* All species;
- 25 (E) Live-bearing toads -- Bufonidae -- *Nectophrynoides* All species;
- 26 (F) Glass frogs -- Centrolenidae -- All species;
- 27 (G) Poison arrow frogs -- Dendrobatidae -- All species;
- 28 (H) Ghost frogs -- Heleophryinidae -- *Heleophryne* All species;
- 29 (I) Shovel-nosed frogs -- Hemisotidae -- *Hemisus* All species;
- 30 (J) Leaf frogs -- Hylidae -- *Agalychnis* All species;
- 31 (K) Casque-headed frogs -- Hylidae -- *Aparashpenodon* All species;
- 32 (L) Water-holding frogs -- Hylidae -- *Cyclorana* All species;
- 33 (M) Marsupial frogs -- Hylidae -- *Gastrotheca* All species;
- 34 (N) Marbled tree frogs -- Hylidae -- *Hyla marmorata*

- 1 (O) Australian giant tree frogs -- Hylidae -- *Litoria chlorus* and *L. infrafrenata*;
- 2 (P) Slender-legged tree frogs -- Hylidae -- *Osteocephalus* All species;
- 3 (Q) Cuban tree frogs -- Hylidae -- *Osteopilus* All species;
- 4 (R) White's tree frog -- Hylidae -- *Pelodryas caerulea*;
- 5 (S) Golden-eyed tree frogs -- Hylidae -- *Phrynohyas* All species;
- 6 (T) Monkey frogs -- Hylidae -- *Phyllomedusa* All species;
- 7 (U) Burrowing frogs -- Hylidae -- *Pternohyala* All species;
- 8 (V) Casque-headed tree frogs -- Hylidae -- *Trachycephalus* All species;
- 9 (W) Shovel-headed tree frogs -- Hylidae -- *Tripurion* All species;
- 10 (X) Banana frogs -- Hyperoliidae -- *Africalas* All species;
- 11 (Y) Reed frogs -- Hyperoliidae -- *Hyperolius* All species;
- 12 (Z) Running frogs -- Hyperoliidae -- *Kassina* All species;
- 13 (AA) Forest tree frogs -- Hyperoliidae -- *Leptopelis* All species;
- 14 (BB) New Zealand frogs -- Leiopelmatidae -- *Leiopelma* All species;
- 15 (CC) Common horned frogs -- Leptodactylidae -- *Ceratophrys* All species;
- 16 (DD) Rain or robber frogs -- Leptodactylidae -- *Eleutherodactylus* All species;
- 17 (EE) Paraguay horned toads -- Leptodactylidae -- *Lepidobatrachus* All species
- 18 (FF) Asian horned toad -- Megophryidae -- *Megophrys montana (nasuta)*;
- 19 (GG) Tomato frogs -- Microhylidae -- *Dyscophus* All species;
- 20 (HH) Narrow-mouthed frogs -- Microhylidae -- *Gastrophryne* All species;
- 21 (II) Sheep frogs -- Microhylidae -- *Hypopachus* All species;
- 22 (JJ) Malaysian narrowmouth toad -- Microhylidae -- *Kaloula pulchra*;
- 23 (KK) Tusked frog -- Myobatrachidae -- *Adelotus brevis*;
- 24 (LL) Pouched frog -- Myobatrachidae -- *Assa darlingtoni*;
- 25 (MM) Giant burrowing frogs -- Myobatrachidae -- *Heleioporus* All species;
- 26 (NN) Cannibal frogs -- Myobatrachidae -- *Lechriodus* All species;
- 27 (OO) Turtle frog -- Myobatrachidae -- *Myobatrachus gouldii*;
- 28 (PP) Australian spadefoot toads -- Myobatrachidae -- *Notaden* All species;
- 29 (QQ) Crowned toadlets -- Myobatrachidae -- *Pseudophryne* All species;
- 30 (RR) Gastric brooding frog -- Myobatrachidae -- *Rheobatrachus* All species;
- 31 (SS) Torrent frogs -- Myobatrachidae -- *Taudactylus* All species;
- 32 (TT) Australian toadlets -- Myobatrachidae -- *Uperoleia* All species;
- 33 (UU) Parsley frogs -- Pelodytidae -- *Pelodytes* All species;
- 34 (VV) Dwarf clawed frogs -- Pipidae -- *Hymenochirus* All species;

- 1 (WW) Surinam frogs -- Pipidae -- *Pipa* All species;
- 2 (XX) Mantella frogs --Ranidae -- *Mantella* All species;
- 3 (YY) Foam nest tree frogs -- Rhacophoridae -- *Chiromantis* All species;
- 4 (ZZ) Gliding or flying frogs -- Rhacophoridae -- *Rhacophorus* All species;
- 5 (AAA) Tonkin Bug-eyed frog – Rhacophoridae – *Theلودerma corticale*;
- 6 (BBB) Mexican burrowing frog -- Rhinodermatidae -- *Rhinophrynus dorsalis*;
- 7 (CCC) Seychelles frogs -- Sooglossidae -- All species.
- 8 (b) Order Caudata:
- 9 (A) Axolotl -- Ambystomatidae -- *Ambystoma mexicanum*;
- 10 (B) Gold-striped salamander -- Salamandridae -- *Chioglossa lusitanica*;
- 11 (C) Black-spotted and striped newts -- Salamandridae -- *Notophthalmus meridionalis* and *N.*
- 12 *perstriatus*;
- 13 (D) Spectacled salamander -- Salamandridae -- *Salamandrina terdigitata*.
- 14 (c) Order Gymnophiona:
- 15 (A) Caecilians -- All species.
- 16 (4) Noncontrolled Reptiles: Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species;
- 17 (a) Order Squamata (Suborder Amphisbaenia): Worm lizards -- All species.
- 18 (b) Order Squamata (Suborder Lacertilia):
- 19 (A) Pricklenapes -- Agamidae -- *Acanthosaura* All species;
- 20 (B) Common or rainbow agama -- Agamidae -- *Agama agama*;
- 21 (C) Frilled dragon -- Agamidae -- *Chlamydosaurus kingii*;
- 22 (D) Humphead forest dragons -- Agamidae -- *Gonocephalus* All species;
- 23 (E) Sailfin lizards -- Agamidae -- *Hydrosaurus* All species;
- 24 (F) Anglehead forest dragons -- Agamidae -- *Hypsilurus* All species;
- 25 (G) Splendid Japalure – Agamidae – *Japalura splendida*
- 26 (H) Water dragons -- Agamidae -- *Lophognathus* All species;
- 27 (I) Water dragons -- Agamidae -- *Physignathus* All species;
- 28 (J) Bearded dragons -- Agamidae -- *Pogona* All species;
- 29 (K) Mastigures -- Agamidae -- *Uromastyx* All species;
- 30 (L) Strange Agamas – Agamidae – *Xenagama* All species;
- 31 (M) Chameleons -- Chamaeleonidae -- All species;
- 32 (N) Plated lizards -- Cordylidae -- *Gerrhosaurus* All species;
- 33 (O) Flat lizards -- Cordylidae -- *Platysaurus* All species;
- 34 (P) Geckos -- Gekkonidae -- All species;

- 1 (Q) Gila monster, beaded lizard -- Helodermatidae -- All species;
- 2 (R) Iguanid lizards -- Iguanidae -- All nonnative species except: *Crotaphytus* spp., *Gambelia* spp.,
- 3 *Sceloporus* spp., *Uta* spp., *Phrynosoma* spp.;
- 4 (S) Asian Grass Lizard -- Lacertidae -- *Takydromus sexlineatus*
- 5 (T) Skinks -- Scincidae -- All nonnative species except *Eumeces* spp.;
- 6 (U) Ameivas -- Teiidae -- *Ameiva* All species;
- 7 (V) Tegus -- Teiidae -- *Tupinambis* All species;
- 8 (W) Monitor lizards -- Varanidae -- All species except *Varanus griseus*;
- 9 (X) Night lizards -- Xantusiidae -- All species;
- 10 (Y) American knob-scaled lizards -- Xenosauridae -- *Xenosaurus* All species.
- 11 (d) Order Squamata (Suborder Serpentes):
- 12 (A) File snakes -- Acrochordidae -- All species;
- 13 (B) Pythons and Boas -- Boidae -- All nonnative species;
- 14 (C) Milk, Pine, Corn, Rat, Garter snakes -- Colubridae -- All nonnative species except *Boiga*
- 15 *irregularis*, *Lampropeltis getula*, *L. zonata*, and *Pituophis catenifer*;
- 16 (D) Kingsnakes and gopher (bull) snakes -- Colubridae -- Individuals of *Lampropeltis getula*, *L.*
- 17 *zonata* and *Pituophis catenifer* that are morphologically distinct from native species.
- 18 (E) Egyptian cobra -- Elapidae -- *Naja haje*;
- 19 (F) Black & white cobra -- Elapidae -- *Naja melanoleuca*;
- 20 (G) Indian cobra -- Elapidae -- *Naja naja*;
- 21 (H) Red spitting cobra -- Elapidae -- *Naja pallida*;
- 22 (I) King cobra -- Elapidae -- *Ophiophagus hannah*;
- 23 (J) Bush vipers -- Viperidae -- *Atheris* All species;
- 24 (K) Gaboon viper -- Viperidae -- *Bitis gabonica*;
- 25 (L) Rhinoceros viper -- Viperidae -- *Bitis nasicornis*;
- 26 (M) Horned vipers -- Viperidae -- *Cerastes* All species;
- 27 (N) Rattlesnakes -- Viperidae -- *Crotalus aquilus*, *C. basiliscus*, *C. durissus*, *C. intermedius*, *C.*
- 28 *polystictus*, *C. pusillus*, *C. tortugensis*, *C. triseriatus*, *C. unicolor*, and *C. vegrandis*;
- 29 (O) Saw-scaled vipers -- Viperidae -- *Echis* All species;
- 30 (P) Bushmaster -- Viperidae -- *Lachesis muta*;
- 31 (Q) False horned vipers -- Viperidae -- *Pseudocerastes* All species;
- 32 (R) Pygmy rattlesnakes -- Viperidae -- *Sistrurus miliarius* and *S. ravus*.
- 33 (c) Order Testudines:
- 34 (A) Pignose turtles -- Carettochelyidae -- All species;

- 1 (B) Austro--American side-necked turtles -- Chelidae -- All species;  
2 (C) Marine turtles -- Cheloniidae -- All species;  
3 (D) River turtles -- Dermatemydidae -- All species;  
4 (E) Leatherback turtles -- Dermochelyidae -- All species;  
5 (F) Pond and box turtles -- Emydidae -- All nonnative species except *Pseudemys* spp., *Trachemys*  
6 spp., *Chinemys* spp., *Clemmys* spp., *Chrysemys* spp., *Graptemys* spp., *Emys orbicularis*, *Emydoidea*  
7 *blandingii* and *Mauremys* spp.;
- 8 (G) American mud and musk turtles -- Kinosternidae -- All species except *Kinosternon subrubrum*  
9 and *K. odoratum*;
- 10 (H) Afro-American side-necked turtles -- Pelomedusidae -- All species;  
11 (I) Bighead turtles -- Platysternidae -- All species;  
12 (J) Tortoises -- Testudinidae -- All species;  
13 (K) Softshell turtles -- Trionychidae -- All species except *Apolone* spp. and *Trionyx triunguis*.
- 14 (5) Noncontrolled Fish: Common Name -- Family -- Genus/species: Aquaria fish and Live Foodfish --  
15 All species.
- 16 Stat. Auth.: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 497.298, 497.308, 497.312, 497.318, 498.022, 498.029,  
17 498.052, 498.222 & 498.242  
18 Stats. Implemented: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 497.298, 497.308, 497.312, 497.318, 498.022,  
19 498.029, 498.052, 498.222 & 498.242

20  
21 **635-056-0070**

22 **Controlled Species**

23 At the time the commission categorizes a species, subspecies or hybrid as Controlled, it shall also  
24 establish the controls necessary to protect native wildlife.

25 (1) Controlled Mammals:

26 (a) **Brush Tailed Bettong or Woylie (*Bettongia penicillata*): The possession, transport, sale,**  
27 **purchase, exchange and the offer to sell, purchase or exchange is allowed. Importation from**  
28 **outside of the United States is prohibited.**

29 (2) Controlled Birds:

30 (a) Mute swans (*Cygnus olor*): The possession, transport, sale, purchase, exchange and offer to sell,  
31 purchase or exchange is allowed provided that all males are neutered and all individuals are surgically  
32 pinioned. Importation of any mute swan is prohibited.

33 (b) Hawks and falcons (families Falconidae and Accipitridae): The capture, possession, propagation,  
34 transportation, release, sale, purchase, exchange and disposition of falcons is allowed only as per the

1 requirements of OAR 635 Division 44 (Holding, Propagating Protected Wildlife) and OAR 635 Division  
2 55 (Falconry Licenses, Permits and Requirements).

3 (c) Game birds: (Anatidae, Columbidae, Tetranidae, Phasianidae, Meleagrididae, Scolopacidae,  
4 Gruidae, Rallidae). The possession, propagation, sale, purchase and exchange of game birds is allowed  
5 only as per the requirements of OAR 635 division 44 (Holding, Propagating Protected Wildlife).

6 (d) Unless authorized by the Department, European starling (*Sturnus vulgaris*) or House sparrows  
7 (*Passer domesticus*) may not be imported into Oregon or released into the wild. However, viable eggs,  
8 nestlings, fledglings, or adults may be captured from the wild, possessed, bought or sold for any other  
9 purpose (including damage control or research). No permit is required for such capture and possession.

10 (3) Controlled Amphibians:

11 (a) Bullfrog (*Rana catesbeiana*) including viable eggs, hatchlings, tadpoles, juveniles and adults: No  
12 person may import, purchase, sell, barter or exchange, or offer to import, purchase, sell, barter or  
13 exchange live bullfrogs. Individual bullfrogs may be collected from the wild and held indoors in an  
14 escape proof aquarium as per OAR 635-044-0035. Release is prohibited unless the person first obtains a  
15 permit from the Director.

16 (4) Controlled Reptiles:

17 (a) Order Crocodylia (Crocodiles, Alligators and Gavials) are considered exotic animals pursuant to  
18 ORS 609.305. Therefore, the keeping, breeding and sale of such animals is regulated by ORS 609.205  
19 through 609.355 and OAR 603-011-0705 and 603-011-0706. Those statutes and rules govern the  
20 authority of local governments and the Department of Agriculture over those activities concerning these  
21 animals. However, the Fish and Wildlife Commission retains authority to regulate release and transport of  
22 these animals, and their management if they are released or escape into the wild. It is unlawful to release  
23 any member of the order Crocodylia.

24 Stat. Auth.: 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 497.298, 497.308, 497.312, 497.318, 498.022, 498.029, 498.052,  
25 498.222, 498.242

26 Stats. Implemented: 496.012, 496.138, 496.146, 497.298, 497.308, 497.312, 497.318, 498.022, 498.029,  
27 498.052, 498.222, 498.242

28  
29  
30 **635-056-0075(T)**

31 **Controlled Fish Species**

32 (1) Controlled Fish

33 (a) Grass carp (*Ctenopharyngodon idella*): Grass carp may be released into water bodies within Oregon  
34 only pursuant to the issuance of a permit from the Department. Complete permit applications shall be  
35 submitted to Department headquarters at least 60 days before proposed stocking. A fee of \$100.00 (plus a  
36 \$2.00 license agent fee) shall be charged for each Grass carp permit issued.

1 The following restrictions and standards will govern the issuance of grass carp permits:

2 (A) Stocking will occur only in water bodies which are:

3 (i) Completely within private land; or

4 (ii) On land owned or controlled by irrigation districts or drainage districts.

5 (B) Stocking will occur only in the following types of water bodies:

6 (i) Lakes, ponds, or reservoirs less than 10 acres; or

7 (ii) Ditches and canals.

8 (C) Public use of the water body must be restricted to prevent removal of grass carp (by angling or  
9 otherwise) by unauthorized persons. At a minimum, the water body must be closed to angling and other use  
10 by the general public.

11 (D) Stocking shall not detrimentally affect any population of species listed as threatened or endangered by  
12 the federal or state government.

13 (E) Stocking shall occur only in water bodies with fish screens approved by the Department. Such screens  
14 shall have screen openings 1 inch or less for fish 12–19 inches total length and screen openings 2 inches or  
15 less for fish over 19 inches total length. Screens shall be inspected and approved by the Department before a  
16 permit will be issued. The applicant must comply with fish passage requirements (OAR 635, division 412);  
17 given grass carp screening requirements, this entails applying for and receiving a waiver or exemption from  
18 passage requirements if grass carp will be stocked into waters where native migratory fish are or were  
19 historically present.

20 (F) Stocking will not be allowed in water bodies within 100-year floodplains (as delineated by the Federal  
21 Emergency Management Agency on federal Flood Insurance Rate Maps) during times of potential flood.  
22 Times of potential flood are January 1 through July 31 in watersheds east of the Cascades and October 15  
23 through May 31 in watersheds west of the Cascades. Grass carp will be removed from water bodies in a 100-  
24 year floodplain and held or disposed of during times of potential flood. If grass carp will be held and not  
25 disposed of, they shall be held at a permitted site outside the 100-year floodplain. Applications for sites  
26 within a 100-year floodplain shall contain a detailed removal plan which shall receive Department approval.

27 (G) Grass carp may only be purchased and imported from approved suppliers outside Oregon. Grass carp  
28 may not be propagated or held for further distribution within Oregon. Department pathologists shall approve  
29 suppliers. Approval will be based on ability to provide grass carp free of Asian tapeworms and meet health  
30 and disease requirements according to OAR 635-007-0555 through 635-007-0585.

31 (H) Grass carp imported into Oregon shall be:

32 (i) Sterile triploids. Documentation from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service that each fish is triploid must  
33 be submitted to the Department prior to release;

34 (ii) At least 12 inches long;

1 (iii) Tagged with a Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) tag of frequency 134.2-kilohertz. Each tag shall  
2 be programmed with a unique identification number. A list of unique tag numbers shall be submitted to the  
3 Department prior to release; and

4 (iv) Stocked at a rate not exceeding 22 per affected acre.

5 (I) In addition to documentation relating to the restrictions above, each permit application shall include:

6 (i) Applicant's name, address and daytime telephone number. All property owners of the water body to  
7 which grass carp will have unrestricted access must be party to the application and permit;

8 (ii) Location of the water body, including township, range, section and quarter section, with map  
9 including written directions for access;

10 (iii) Map of the water body including, vegetation present in the water body, all inlets and outlets, and  
11 screen locations;

12 (iv) Description of emergency procedures for responding to fish escapes from approved sites;

13 (v) Description of how fish will be removed and disposed of at the end of the proposed project.

14 (J) An application becomes the management plan upon approval. Permits and management plans shall be  
15 specific to particular sites and particular stocking projects. Permittees shall not deviate from permit  
16 conditions and management plans without prior written approval from the Department. No person may  
17 remove grass carp from one site (as identified in a management plan) and transport them to any other site  
18 without prior written approval from the Department.

19 (K) An Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife fish transport permit shall accompany grass carp  
20 imported into and transported within Oregon. If transport is required within the management plan and occurs  
21 entirely on the permittee's property, a transport permit is not needed. Any other permit or documentation  
22 required for fish import, transport, or stocking shall also be obtained prior to importation and stocking.

23 (L) Permittees shall, as a condition of the permit, allow employees of the Department or the Oregon State  
24 Police to inspect at reasonable times the permitted water body, permit, and associated records. Inspection  
25 may take place without warrant or notice, but, unless prompted by emergency or other exigent circumstances,  
26 shall be limited to regular and usual business hours, including weekends. Nothing in these rules is intended to  
27 authorize or allow the warrantless search or inspection of property other than the water bodies or fish holding  
28 facilities on the permittee's property.

29 (M) Permits are revocable at any time for violation of any wildlife statute or rule of the Department. Upon  
30 revocation, if stocking has already occurred, the permittee shall remove all grass carp within two weeks at  
31 her/his own cost.

32 (N) Grass carp which escape a permitted water body are subject to seizure or destruction by the  
33 Department at the expense of the permit holder. The permit holder shall be held liable for incidental kill of  
34 any other species due to or during destruction of escaped grass carp.

1 (O)The Commission may grant an exception to OAR 635-056-0075(2)(a)(B) or (2)(a)(F). Exception  
2 requests must be submitted in writing in addition to the normal application and must address the requirements  
3 in this section. Unless the Commission determines that an alternative provides equivalent protection to fish  
4 and wildlife resources and their habitats, exceptions shall have the following additional requirements:

5 (i) If the water body into which grass carp will be stocked is greater than or equal to 10 acres a  
6 professional topographic survey by a licensed surveyor must be provided for the entire perimeter of the water  
7 body showing all points of water movement in and out of the water body. A topographic survey completed by  
8 a state or federal agency within five years from the date of application for the water body may be used. The  
9 Department shall determine screening requirements from the survey;

10 (ii) Grass carp may remain in a water body within the 100-year floodplain year-round if a professional  
11 plan or drawing that is certified by a licensed engineer is provided which indicates that the entire perimeter of  
12 the water body is protected from 100-year floods. In order to prevent grass carp escape, screens, dikes, and  
13 devices protecting the water body must be able to remain structurally sound within 100-year floods and not be  
14 over-topped by a 100-year flood. The Department reserves the right to have a licensed engineer retained by  
15 the agency review and approve or deny the plan or drawing submitted by the applicant.

16 (b) Tilapia (Mozambique tilapia *Oreochromis mossambicus*, Nile tilapia *O. niloticus*, Wami tilapia *O.*  
17 *urolepis*, Blackchin tilapia *Sarotherodon melanotheron*, and hybrids thereof): The possession, propagation,  
18 transportation, sale, purchase, exchange and disposition of these tilapia is controlled according to the  
19 following restrictions and standards:

20 (A) A person intending to sell, barter or exchange must apply for and receive an approved propagation  
21 license from the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife Fish Propagation Program prior to commencing  
22 production. A person may raise tilapia in-doors (a house, greenhouse, or other enclosed structure capable of  
23 excluding predators) for personal consumption without an Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife-Fish  
24 Propagation license;

25 (B) Propagation outdoors must occur in ponds or tanks covered with nets or screens adequate to prevent  
26 the capture or transport of cultured fish by predators or other animals;

27 (C) Access to production facilities must be through secure locked gates;

28 (D) Only animals certified as disease-free by the vendor may be purchased;

29 (E) Permittees must provide adequate veterinary care to identify and minimize the spread of diseases  
30 originating from the animals being held;

31 (F) No live tilapia or their gametes, fertilized eggs, or larvae may be released into waters of this State, as  
32 defined in ORS 506.006; and

33 (G) An Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife fish transport permit shall accompany live tilapia  
34 imported into and transported within Oregon. If transport occurs entirely on the permittee's property, a  
35 transport permit is not needed.

1 (c) Tiger muskellunge (*Esox lucius* X *Esox masquinongy*): tiger muskellunge are classified as a  
2 controlled species for the specific purpose of stocking into Phillips Reservoir (Baker County) for fish  
3 management purposes according to the following restrictions and standards:

4 (A) Stocking will occur only in Phillips Reservoir located in Baker County. No other public or  
5 private water bodies will be stocked with tiger muskellunge unless approved by the Commission.

6 (a) Tiger muskellunge will be stocked into Phillips Reservoir at a rate not to exceed the adult  
7 density required to achieve the objectives of the introduction; control abundance of yellow perch to restore  
8 the rainbow trout fishery.

9 (B) Tiger muskellunge may only be obtained and imported from approved suppliers outside of  
10 Oregon. Tiger muskellunge may not be propagated or held for further distribution within Oregon. Department  
11 pathologists shall approve suppliers. Approval will be based on the ability to provide tiger muskellunge  
12 which meet health and disease requirements according to OAR 635-007-0960 through 635-007-0995

13 (C) ~~[No a]~~ Allowable **catch and release only** ~~["Take" without Department approval,]~~ based on  
14 management objectives.

15 (D) Department will establish a monitoring plan and program prior to release which shall include:

16 (a) Creel monitor

17 (b) Population monitoring.

18 (c) Plans to eradicate or suppress any illegal introductions of pike or muskellunge introductions to  
19 Phillips Reservoir.

20 (d) Education and outreach

21 (E) In conjunction with fish monitoring activities all live tiger muskellunge handled of suitable  
22 marking size shall be tagged with a Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) tag. Each tag shall be  
23 programmed with identification number. A list of the PIT tag identification numbers shall be  
24 maintained by the District Fish Biologist and submitted to the Invasive Species Wildlife Integrity  
25 Coordinator.

26 (F) Any permit(s) or documentation(s) required for fish import, transport, or stocking shall be  
27 obtained prior to and accompany importation and stocking.

28 (G) Department will develop an environmental monitoring plan for Phillips Reservoir which  
29 should include:

30 a) Basic limnological characterization of the reservoir (nutrient concentrations, light penetration,  
31 vertical profiles of physical and chemical characteristics of reservoir water, zooplankton, and phytoplankton  
32 composition and densities).

33 **(d) Barramundi (*Lates calcarifer*) the possession, propagation, transportation, sale, purchase,**  
34 **exchange and disposition of Barramundi are controlled according to the following restrictions and**  
35 **standards:**

1 (A) A person must apply for and receive an approved propagation license from the Oregon  
2 Department of Fish and Wildlife Fish Propagation Program prior to commencing production;

3 (B) An Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife fish transport permit shall accompany live  
4 Barramundi imported into and transported within Oregon. If transport occurs entirely on the  
5 permittee's property, a transport permit is not needed;

6 (C) Fish health certification must be reviewed and found acceptable by ODFW Fish Health  
7 personnel or veterinary staffs before fish are purchased or transported;

8 (D) Possession of live Barramundi outside of an approved facility or without a transport permit is  
9 prohibited;

10 (E) No live Barramundi or their gametes, fertilized eggs, or larvae may be released into water of the  
11 State, as defined in ORS 506.006;

12 (F) Propagation must occur indoors (enclosed structure capable of excluding predators) and only in  
13 closed recirculating systems;

14 (G) Access to production facilities must be through secure locked gates;

15 (H) Permittee must provide adequate veterinary care as directed by a veterinarian and adhere to  
16 Fish Health Management Policy OAR 635-007-0960 through 635-007-0995 to identify and minimize the  
17 spread of disease originating from the animals being held;

18 (I) Effluent water may not be discharged directly into any waters of the state.

19 (2) Controlled Mollusks

20 (a) Suminoe oysters (*Crassostrea ariakensis*), Pacific oysters (*C. gigas*), Kumamoto oysters (*C. sikamea*),  
21 Eastern oysters (*C. virginica*), and European flat oysters (*Ostrea edulis*) may be purchased and imported from  
22 outside Oregon (or from other estuaries within Oregon) for release into estuaries in Oregon pursuant to the  
23 terms of a permit issued by the department. Complete permit applications must be submitted to the  
24 department's Marine Resources Program Headquarters (2040 SE Marine Science Drive, Newport, Oregon  
25 97365) at least 15 days before proposed stocking. Oysters may be commercially harvested and sold pursuant  
26 to OAR 635-005.

27 (b) Softshell clam (*Mya arenaria*), Japanese varnish clam (*Nuttalia obscuratai*), and Japanese littleneck  
28 clam (*Venerupis philippinarum*) may be harvested, possessed and sold commercially pursuant to OAR 635-  
29 005 or harvested and possessed recreationally pursuant to OAR 635-039.

30 (3) Controlled Crustaceans:

31 (a) Green crabs (*Carcinus maenas*) may be harvested recreationally pursuant to OAR 635-039. Once  
32 harvested, it is unlawful to return green crab to state waters. It is unlawful to take green crab for commercial  
33 purposes.

1 (b) Whiteleg shrimp (*Litopenaeus vannamei*): The possession, propagation, transportation, sale, purchase,  
2 exchange and disposition of whiteleg shrimp is controlled according to the following restrictions and  
3 standards:

4 (A) A person must apply for and receive an approved propagation license from the Oregon Department of  
5 Fish and Wildlife Fish Propagation Program prior to commencing production;

6 (B) Propagation must occur in ponds covered with nets or screens adequate to prevent the capture or  
7 transport of cultured shrimp by predators or other animals;

8 (C) Access to production facilities must be through secure locked gates;

9 (D) Only animals certified as disease-free by the vendor may be purchased;

10 (E) Permittees must provide adequate veterinary care to identify and minimize the spread of diseases  
11 originating from the animals being held;

12 (F) No live whiteleg shrimp or their gametes, fertilized eggs, or larvae may be released into waters of this  
13 State, as defined in ORS 506.006; and

14 (G) An Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife fish transport permit shall accompany live whiteleg  
15 shrimp imported into and transported within Oregon. If transport occurs entirely on the permittee's property, a  
16 transport permit is not needed.

17 (c) Giant river prawns (*Macrobrachium rosenbergii*): The possession, propagation, transportation, sale,  
18 purchase, exchange and disposition of giant river prawns is controlled according to the following restrictions  
19 and standards:

20 (A) A person must apply for and receive an approved propagation license from the Oregon Department of  
21 Fish and Wildlife Fish Propagation Program prior to commencing production;

22 (B) Propagation must occur in ponds covered with nets or screens adequate to prevent the capture or  
23 transport of cultured prawns by predators or other animals;

24 (C) Access to production facilities must be through secure locked gates;

25 (D) Only animals certified as disease-free by the vendor may be purchased;

26 (E) Permittees must provide adequate veterinary care to identify and minimize the spread of diseases  
27 originating from the animals being held;

28 (F) No giant river prawns or their gametes, fertilized eggs, or larvae may be released into waters of this  
29 State, as defined in ORS 506.006; and

30 (G) An Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife fish transport permit shall accompany live giant river  
31 prawns imported into and transported within Oregon. If transport occurs entirely on the permittee's property, a  
32 transport permit is not needed.

33 **(d) Crayfish – Cambaridae and Parastacidae –All species: The importation, possession,**  
34 **propagation, transportation, sale, purchase, exchange and disposition of non-native crayfish is**  
35 **controlled according to the following restrictions and standards.**

1 (A) Non-native crayfish may be harvested, possessed and sold commercially pursuant to OAR 635-  
2 005-0855 through 635-005-0885 or harvest recreationally pursuant to ORS 496.162 from waters of the  
3 State as defined in ORS 503.006;

4 (B) Live non-native crayfish may not be used as bait except in the waterbody in which they were  
5 taken;

6 (D) Non-native crayfish or their gametes, fertilized eggs, or larvae may not be released into waters  
7 of the State, as defined in ORS 503.006;

8 (E) Propagation is not allowed;

9 (F) Non-native crayfish may not be imported except by recognized educational institutions or for  
10 immediate consumption (Immediate consumption means within one week from date of delivery):

11 (i) Prior to purchase and importation; must apply for and receive authorization from Oregon  
12 Department of Fish and Wildlife;

13 (ii) Crayfish must be euthanized after educational section is completed.

14 (iii) Non-native crayfish must remain in an indoor secure facility and can only be removed when  
15 transporting for immediate preparation for consumption;

16 (iv) An Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife fish transport permit shall accompany non-native  
17 crayfish imported into Oregon.

18 (G) Fish health certification must be reviewed, found acceptable and be on file by ODFW Fish  
19 Health personnel or veterinary staffs before crayfish are imported into the State;

20 Stat. Auth.: ORS 496.012, 496.138, 496.146 & 496.162

21 Stats. Implemented: ORS 497.308, 497.318, 498.022, 498.052 & 498.222

22  
23 **635-056-0130**

24 **Classification Requests**

25 (1) For species that are not listed in these rules, no person may possess, import, purchase, sell,  
26 exchange, or offer to purchase, sell or exchange the species in Oregon.

27 (2) Species may be classified as Prohibited, Controlled or Noncontrolled. The classification may vary  
28 by activity (e.g., possession allowed, but sale prohibited). If a specific nonnative species, subspecies or  
29 hybrid is not classified as either Prohibited, Controlled or Noncontrolled, or is classified but not for a  
30 particular activity (e.g., import, sale, possession, transport), any person may either:

31 (a) Petition the commission to classify the species or allow the particular activity pursuant to OAR  
32 137-001-0070; or

33 (b) Request the director to classify the species as Noncontrolled, pursuant to OAR 635-056-0140.

34 (c) Any person petitioning or requesting classification shall provide information illustrating that the  
35 requested action will not harm, nor has the potential to harm, any native species or its habitat. The

1 information should be scientific in nature, in written form and include an appropriate literature cited  
2 section.

3 (3) In evaluating a request to classify a species, subspecies or hybrid, the commission may consider  
4 the following factors, when appropriate:

5 (a) Potential to introduce disease or parasites to native wildlife populations;

6 (b) Potential for interbreeding or hybridizing with native wildlife;

7 (c) Possible competition with native wildlife for habitat, food, water, etc.;

8 (d) Impacts on the habitat of native wildlife;

9 (e) Potential predation on native wildlife;

10 (f) Feasibility of capturing and eradicating escaped animals;

11 (g) Cost of capturing and eradicating escaped animals; or

12 (h) Any other factor or consideration the commission considers necessary to protect and maintain  
13 native wildlife.

14 **(i) How is the species categorized in “The ICUN Red List of Threatened Species?”**

15 **(j) Is the species commercially propagated? Unknown, rarely, moderate, common**

16 (4) The director may appoint a Wildlife Integrity Review Panel to consider the information presented  
17 by the petitioner as appropriate. The director may, in appointing the panel, consider scientific expertise,  
18 professional background, and other qualifications needed to make sound decisions. The director may seek  
19 commission recommendations in making Wildlife Integrity Review Panel appointments. If convened, the  
20 panel shall make a recommendation to the commission on the classification of the species, subspecies or  
21 hybrid and what conditions, if any, should apply to the proposed activity (e.g., import, sale, possession,  
22 transfer).

23 (5) The director may call for scientific based studies or other verifiable information useful in placing  
24 the requested species in the appropriate classification category.

25 Stat. Auth.: ORS 496.012, ORS 496.138, ORS 496.146, ORS 497.298, ORS 497.308, ORS 497.312,  
26 ORS 497.318, ORS 498.022, ORS 498.029, ORS 498.052, ORS 498.222 & ORS 498.242

27 Stats. Implemented: ORS 496.012, ORS 496.138, ORS 496.146, ORS 497.298, ORS 497.308, ORS  
28 497.312, ORS 497.318, ORS 498.022, ORS 498.029, ORS 498.052, ORS 498.222 & ORS 498.242

29  
30 **635-056-0140**

### 31 **Noncontrolled Classification**

32 (1) Upon a request pursuant to OAR 635-056-0130(3)(b), the director may classify a species as  
33 Noncontrolled if the director determines, based upon scientific information, that the species presents a  
34 low risk of harm to native wildlife. In evaluating the risk, the director shall determine the relative risk  
35 (high, medium, low, unknown) for each of the following criteria:

- 1 (a) Whether the species' natural range and habitat is similar to Oregon's climate and habitat;  
2 (b) Whether the species has an invasive history;  
3 (c) Whether the species can survive in Oregon;  
4 (d) Whether the species has the potential to prey upon native wildlife;  
5 (e) Whether the species can potentially degrade the habitat of native wildlife;  
6 (f) Whether the species has the potential to pass disease or parasites to native wildlife;  
7 (g) What types of disease or parasites could be passed on to native wildlife;  
8 (h) Whether the species has the potential to compete for food, water, shelter, or space with native  
9 wildlife;  
10 (i) Whether the species has the potential to hybridize with native wildlife; and  
11 (j) Whether the species can be readily distinguished from a native species, or a prohibited or  
12 controlled species.

13 **(k) How is the species categorized in "The ICUN Red List of Threatened Species?"**

14 **(l) Is the species commercially propagated? Unknown, rarely, moderate, common**

15 (2) If the director determines that the risk for all of the above criteria is low, or that the risk for one of  
16 the criterion is medium and the risk for the remaining criteria is low, then the director may classify the  
17 species as Noncontrolled. If the director determines that the risk for any of the criteria is high or  
18 unknown, or that the risk for two or more of the criteria is medium, the director shall refer the petition to  
19 the commission for a decision.

20 (3) The director shall notify the petitioner in writing of any decision and the rationale for that  
21 decision. If the petitioner or an affected person disagrees with the director's decision to list a species as  
22 Noncontrolled, the person may request the commission to review the director's decision.

23 (4) The director shall maintain a list of those species classified as Noncontrolled, and shall make the  
24 list available to the public.

25 Stat. Auth.: ORS 496.012, ORS 496.138, ORS 496.146, ORS 497.298, ORS 497.308, ORS 497.312,  
26 ORS 497.318, ORS 498.022, ORS 498.029, ORS 498.052, ORS 498.222 & ORS 498.242  
27 Stats. Implemented: ORS 496.012, ORS 496.138, ORS 496.146, ORS 497.298, ORS 497.308, ORS  
28 497.312, ORS 497.318, ORS 498.022, ORS 498.029, ORS 498.052, ORS 498.222 & ORS 498.242  
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30 Amended March 2014

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